Important Notices About Your Benefits

Several important notices about your PEHP benefits are included with this letter. To learn more, see your benefits summary and master policy. Find them at your Benefits Information Library at PEHP for Members at www.pehp.org. If you haven’t created an online personal account, you’ll need your PEHP ID and Social Security number. Find your PEHP ID number on your benefits card or your claims. Or call PEHP at 801-366-7555.
Notice of COBRA Rights

PEHP is providing you and your dependents notice of your rights and obligations under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 ("COBRA") to temporarily continue health and/or dental coverage if you are an employee of an employer with 20 or more employees and you or your eligible dependents, (including newborn and/or adopted children) in certain instances would lose PEHP coverage. Both you and your spouse should take the time to read this notice carefully. If you have any questions please call the PEHP Office at 801-366-7555 or refer to the Benefit Summary and/or the PEHP Master Policy at www.pehp.org.

QUALIFIED BENEFICIARY

A Qualified Beneficiary is an individual who is covered under the employer group health plan the day before a COBRA Qualifying Event.

WHO IS COVERED

» Employees

If you have group health or dental coverage with PEHP, you have a right to continue this coverage if you lose coverage or experience an increase in the cost of the premium because of a reduction in your hours of employment or the voluntary or involuntary termination of your employment for reasons other than gross misconduct on your part.

» Spouse of Employees

If you are the spouse of an employee covered by PEHP, and you are covered the day prior to experiencing a Qualifying Event, you are a “Qualified Beneficiary” and have the right to choose continuation coverage for yourself if you lose group health coverage under PEHP for any of the following reasons:

1. The death of your spouse;
2. The termination of your spouse’s employment (for reasons other than gross misconduct) or reduction in your spouse’s hours of employment;
3. Divorce or legal separation from your spouse;
4. Your spouse becoming entitled to Medicare; or
5. The commencement of certain bankruptcy proceedings, if your spouse is retired.

» Dependent children

A Dependent child of an employee covered by PEHP where and the Dependent is covered by PEHP the day prior to experiencing a Qualifying Event, is also a “Qualified Beneficiary” and has the right to continuation coverage if group health coverage under PEHP is lost for any of the following reasons:

1. The death of the covered parent;
2. The termination of the covered parent’s employment (for reasons other than gross misconduct) or reduction in the covered parent’s hours of employment.
3. The parents’ divorce or legal separation;
4. The covered parent becoming entitled to Medicare;
5. The Dependent ceasing to be a “Dependent child” under PEHP;
6. A proceeding in a bankruptcy reorganization case, if the covered parent is retired; or
7. As defined by your employer.

A child born to, or placed for adoption with, the covered employee during a period of continuation coverage is also a Qualified Beneficiary.

SECONDARY EVENT

A Secondary Event means one Qualifying Event occurring after another. It allows a Qualified Beneficiary who is already on COBRA to extend COBRA coverage under certain circumstances, from 18 months to 36 months of coverage. The Secondary Event 36 months of coverage extends from the date of the original Qualifying Event.

SEPARATE ELECTION

If there is a choice among types of coverage under the plan, each of you who is eligible for continuation of coverage is entitled to make a separate election among the types of coverage. Thus, a spouse or Dependent child is entitled to elect continuation of coverage even if the covered employee does not make that election. Similarly, a spouse or Dependent child may elect a different coverage from the coverage that the employee elects.

YOUR DUTIES UNDER THE LAW

It is the responsibility of the covered employee, spouse, or Dependent child to notify the employer or Plan Administrator in writing within sixty (60) days of a divorce, legal separation, child losing Dependent status or secondary qualifying event, under the group health/dental plan in order to be eligible for COBRA continuation coverage. PEHP can be notified at 560 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, UT, 84102. PEHP Customer Service: 801-366-7555; toll free 800-765-7347. Appropriate documentation must be provided such as; divorce decree, marriage certificate, etc.

Keep PEHP informed of address changes to protect you and your family’s rights, it is important for you to notify PEHP at the above address if you have changed marital status, or you, your spouse or your dependents have changed addresses. In addition, the covered employee or a family member must inform PEHP of a determination by the Social Security Administration that the covered employee or covered family member was disabled during the 60-day period after the employee’s termination of employment or reduction in hours, within 60 days of such determination and before the end of the original 18-month continuation coverage period. (See “Special rules for disability,” below.) If, during continued coverage, the Social Security Administration determines that the employee or family member is no longer disabled, the individual must inform PEHP of this redetermination within 30 days of the date it is made.

EMPLOYER’S DUTIES UNDER THE LAW

Your Employer has the responsibility to notify PEHP of the employee’s death, termination of employment or reduction in hours, or Medicare eligibility. Notice must be given to PEHP within 60 days of the happening of the event. When PEHP is notified that one of these events has happened, PEHP in turn will notify you and your dependents that you have the right to choose continuation coverage. Under the law, you and your dependents have at least 60 days from the date you would lose coverage because of one of the events described above to inform PEHP that you want continuation coverage or 60 days from the date of your Election Notice.
ELECTION OF CONTINUATION COVERAGE
Members have 60 days from, either termination of coverage or date of receipt of COBRA election notice, to elect COBRA. If no election is made within 60 days, COBRA rights are deemed waived and will not be offered again.

If you choose continuation coverage, your Employer is required to give you coverage that, as of the time coverage is being provided, is identical to the coverage provided under the plan to similarly situated employees or family members. If you do not choose continuation coverage within the time period described above, your group health insurance coverage will end.

PREMIUM PAYMENTS
Payments must be made back to the date of the qualifying event and paid within 45 days of the date of election. There is no grace period on this initial premium. Subsequent payments are due on the first of each month with a thirty (30) day grace period. Delinquent payments will result in a termination of coverage.

The amount a qualified beneficiary may be required to pay may not exceed 102 percent (or, in the case of an extension of continuation coverage due to a disability, 150 percent) of the cost to the group health plan (including both employer and employee contributions) for coverage of a similarly situated plan participant or beneficiary who is not receiving continuation coverage. Claims paid in error by ineligibility under COBRA will be reviewed for collection. Ineligible premiums paid will be refunded.

HOW LONG WILL COVERAGE LAST?
The law requires that you be afforded the opportunity to maintain COBRA continuation coverage for 36 months, unless you lose group health coverage because of a termination of employment or reduction in hours. In that case, the required COBRA continuation coverage period is 18 months. Additional qualifying events (such as a death, divorce, legal separation, or Medicare entitlement) may occur while the continuation coverage is in effect. Such events may extend an 18-month COBRA continuation period to 36 months, but in no event will COBRA coverage extend beyond 36 months from the date of the event that originally made the employee or a qualified beneficiary eligible to elect COBRA coverage. You should notify PEHP if a second qualifying event occurs during your COBRA continuation coverage period.

SPECIAL RULES FOR DISABILITY
If the employee or covered family member is disabled at any time during the first 60 days of COBRA continuation coverage, the continuation coverage period may be extended to 29 months for all family members, even those who are not disabled.

The criteria that must be met for a disability extension is:

» Employee or family member must be determined by the Social Security Administration to be disabled.
» Must be determined disabled during the first 60 days of COBRA coverage.
» Employee or family member must notify PEHP of the disability no later that 60 days from the later of:
  » the date of the SSA disability determination; or
  » the date of the Qualifying Event, or
  » the loss of coverage date, or
  » the date the Qualified Beneficiary is informed of the obligation to provide the disability notice.
» Employee or family member must notify employer within the original 18 month continuation period.
» If an employee or family member is disabled and another qualifying event occurs within the 29-month continuation period (other than bankruptcy of your Employer), then the continuation coverage period is 36 months after the termination of employment or reduction in hours.

SPECIAL RULE FOR RETIREES
In the case of a retiree or an individual who was a covered surviving spouse of a retiree on the day before the filing of a Title 11 bankruptcy proceeding by your Employer, coverage may continue until death and, in the case of the spouse or Dependent child of a retiree, 36 months after the date of death of a retiree.

CONTINUATION COVERAGE MAY BE TERMINATED
The law provides that your continuation coverage may be cut short prior to the expiration of the 18, 29, or 36 month period for any of the following reasons:
1. Your Employer no longer provides group health coverage to any of its employees.
2. The premium for continuation coverage is not paid in a timely manner (within the applicable grace period).
3. The individual becomes covered, after the date of election, under another group health plan (whether or not as an employee) that does not contain any exclusion or limitation with respect to any preexisting condition of the individual.
4. The date in which the individual becomes entitled to Medicare, after the date of election.
5. Coverage has been extended for up to 29 months due to disability (see “Special rules for disability”) and there has been a final determination that the individual is no longer disabled.
6. Coverage will be terminated if determined by PEHP that the employee or family member has committed any of the following, fraud upon PEHP or Utah Retirement Systems, forgery or alteration of prescriptions; criminal acts associated with COBRA coverage; misuse or abuse of benefits; or breach of the conditions of the Plan Master Policy.

You do not have to show that you are insurable to choose COBRA continuation coverage. However, under the law, you may have to pay all or part of the premium for your continuation coverage plus 2%.

The law also states that, at the end of the 18, 29, or 36 month COBRA continuation coverage period, you are allowed to enroll in an individual conversion health plan provided by PEHP. This notice is a summary of the law and therefore is general in nature. The law itself and the actual Plan provisions must be consulted with regard to the application of these provisions in any particular circumstance. More information regarding COBRA may be found in the PEHP Master Policy, and your Plan’s Benefit Summary found at www.pehp.org.

QUESTIONS
If you have any questions about continuing coverage, please contact PEHP at 560 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, UT, 84102. Customer Service: 801-366-7555; toll free 800-765-7347.
Notice of Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act

In accordance with The Women’s Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998 (WHCRA), PEHP covers mastectomy in the treatment of cancer and reconstructive surgery after a mastectomy. If you are receiving benefits in connection with a mastectomy, coverage will be provided according to PEHP’s Medical Case Management criteria and in a manner determined in consultation with the attending physician and the patient, for:

1. All stages of reconstruction on the breast on which the mastectomy has been performed;
2. Surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance;
3. Prostheses; and
4. Treatment of physical complications in all stages of mastectomy, including lymphedemas.

Coverage of mastectomies and breast reconstruction benefits are subject to applicable deductibles and copayment limitations consistent with those established for other benefits.

Medical services received more than 5 years after a surgery covered under this section will not be considered a complication of such surgery.

Following the initial reconstruction of the breast(s), any additional modification or revision to the breast(s), including results of the normal aging process, will not be covered.

All benefits are payable according to the schedule of benefits, based on this plan. Regular pre-authorization requirements apply.

Notice of Newborns’ and Mothers’ Health Protection Act

Under federal law, group health plans and health insurance issuers offering group health insurance coverage generally may not restrict benefits for any hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery; or less than 96 hours following a delivery by cesarean section. However, the plan or issuer may pay for a shorter stay if the attending provider (e.g. physician, nurse midwife or physicians assistant), after consultation with the mother, discharges the mother or newborn earlier.

Also, under federal law, plans and issuers may not set the level of benefits or out-of-pocket costs so that any later portion of the 48-hour (or 96-hour) stay is treated in a manner less favorable to the mother or newborn than any earlier portion of the stay.

In addition, a plan or issuer may not, under federal law, require that a physician or other health care provider obtain authorization for prescribing a length of stay of up to 48 hours (or 96 hours).

Notice of Exemption from HIPAA

Under a Federal law known as the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA), Public Law 104-191, as amended, group health plans must generally comply with the requirements listed below. However, the law also permits State and local government employers that sponsor health plans to elect to exempt a plan from these requirements for part of the plan that is self-funded by the employer, rather than provided through an insurance policy. PEHP has elected to exempt your plan from the following requirement:

- Application of the requirements of the 2008 Wellstone Act and the 1996 Mental Health Parity Act;
- The exemption from this Federal requirement will be in effect for the 2016-17 plan year. The election may be renewed for subsequent plan years.

HIPAA also requires PEHP to provide covered employees and dependents with a “certificate of creditable coverage” when they cease to be covered under PEHP. There is no exemption from this requirement. The certificate provides evidence that you were covered under PEHP, because if you can establish your prior coverage, you may be entitled to certain rights to reduce or eliminate a Pre-existing condition exclusion if you join another employer’s health plan, or if you wish to purchase an individual health insurance policy.
Notice of Privacy Practices for Protected Health Information

effective April 14, 2003

Public Employees Health Program (PEHP) our business associates and our affiliated companies respect your privacy and the confidentiality of your personal information. In order to safeguard your privacy, we have adopted the following privacy principles and information practices. This notice describes how we protect the confidentiality of the personal information we receive. Our practices apply to current and former members.

It is the policy of PEHP to treat all member information with the utmost discretion and confidentiality, and to prohibit improper release in accordance with the confidentiality requirements of state and federal laws and regulations.

Types of Personal Information PEHP collects

PEHP collects a variety of personal information to administer a member’s health, life, and long term disability coverage. Some of the information members provide on enrollment forms, surveys, and correspondence includes: address, Social Security number, and dependent information. PEHP also receives personal information (such as eligibility and claims information) through transactions with our affiliates, members, employers, other insurers, and health care providers. This information is retained after a member’s coverage ends. PEHP limits the collection of personal information to that which is necessary to administer our business, provide quality service, and meet regulatory requirements.

Disclosure of your protected health information within PEHP is on a need-to-know basis. All employees are required to sign a confidentiality agreement as a condition of employment, whereby they agree not to request, use, or disclose the protected health information of PEHP members unless necessary to perform their job.

Understanding Your Health Record / Information

Each time you visit a hospital, physician, or other health care provider, a record of your visit is made. Typically, this record contains your symptoms, examination and test results, diagnoses, treatment, and a plan for future care or treatment. This information, often referred to as your health or medical record, serves as a:

- Basis for planning your care and treatment
- Means of communication among the many health professionals who contribute to your care
- Legal document describing the care you received
- Means by which you or a third-party payer can verify that services billed were actually provided.

Understanding what is in your record and how your health information is used helps you to:

- Ensure its accuracy
- Better understand who, what, when, where, and why others may access your health information
- Make more informed decisions when authorizing disclosure to others.

Your Health Information Rights

Although your health record is the physical property of the health care practitioner or facility that compiled it, the information belongs to you. You have the rights as outlined in Title 45 of the
Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 160 & 164:

- Request a restriction on certain uses and disclosures of your information
- Obtain a paper copy of the notice of information practices upon request (although we have posted a copy on our web site, you have a right to a hard copy upon request.)
- Inspect and obtain a copy of your health record
- Amend your health records
- Obtain an accounting of disclosures of your health information
- Request communications of your health information by alternative means or at alternative locations
- Revoke your authorization to use or disclose health information except to the extent that action has already been taken.

PEHP does not need to provide an accounting for disclosures:
- To persons involved in the individual’s care or for other notification purposes
- For national security or intelligence purposes
- Uses or disclosures of de-identified information or limited data set information
- That occurred before April 14, 2003.

PEHP must provide the accounting within 60 days of receipt of your written request. The accounting must include:
- Date of each disclosure
- Name and address of the organization or person who received the protected health information
- Brief statement of the purpose of the disclosure that reasonably informs you of the basis for the disclosure or, in lieu of such statement, a copy of your written authorization, or a copy of the written request for disclosure.

The first accounting in any 12-month period is free. Thereafter, we reserve the right to charge a reasonable, cost-based fee.

**Examples of Uses and Disclosures of Protected Health Information**

**PEHP will use your health information for treatment.**
For example: Information obtained by a nurse, physician, or other member of your health care team will be recorded in your record and used to determine the course of treatment that should work best for you. Your physician will document in your record his or her expectations of the members of your health care team. Members of your health care team will then record the actions they took and their observations. In that way, the physician will know how you are responding to treatment.

Though PEHP does not provide direct treatment to individuals, we do use the health information described above for utilization and medical review purposes. These review procedures facilitate the payment and/or denial of payment of health care services you may have received. All payments or denial decisions are made in accordance with the individual plan provisions and limitations as described in the applicable PEHP Master Policies.

**PEHP will use your health information for payment.**
For example: A bill for health care services you received may be sent to you or PEHP. The information on or accompanying the bill may include information that identifies you as well as your diagnosis, procedures, and supplies used.

**PEHP will use your health information for health operations.**
For example: The Medical Director, his or her staff, the risk or quality improvement manager, or members of the quality improvement team may use information in your health record to assess the care and outcomes in your case and others like it. This information will then be used in an effort to continually improve the quality and effectiveness of PEHP’s programs.
There are certain uses and disclosures of your health information which are required or permitted by Federal Regulations and do not require your consent or authorization. Examples include:

Public Health.
As required by law, PEHP may disclose your health information to public health or legal authorities charged with preventing or controlling disease, injury, or disability.

Business Associates.
There are some services provided in our organization through contacts with business associates. When such services are contracted, we may disclose your health information to our business associates so that they can perform the job we’ve asked them to do. To protect your health information, however, we require the business associates to appropriately safeguard your information.

Food and Drug Administration (FDA).
PEHP may disclose to the FDA health information relative to adverse events with respect to food, supplements, product and product defects, or post-marketing surveillance information to enable product recalls, repairs, or replacement.

Workers Compensation.
We may disclose health information to the extent authorized by and to the extent necessary to comply with laws relating to worker’s compensation or other similar programs established by law.

Correctional Institution.
Should you be an inmate of a correctional institution, we may disclose to the institution or agents thereof health information necessary for your health and the health and safety of other individuals.

Law Enforcement.
We may disclose health information for law enforcement purposes as required by law or in response to a valid subpoena.

Federal law makes provisions for your health information to be released to an appropriate health oversight agency, public health authority, or attorney provided that a workforce member or business associate believes in good faith that we have engaged in unlawful conduct or have otherwise violated professional or clinical standards and are potentially endangering one or more patients, workers, or the public.

Our Responsibilities Under the Federal Privacy Standard

PEHP is required to:

- Maintain the privacy of your health information, as required by law, and to provide individuals with notice of our legal duties and privacy practices with respect to protected health information
- Provide you with this notice as to our legal duties and privacy practices with respect to protected health information we collect and maintain about you
- Abide by the terms of this notice
- Train our personnel concerning privacy and confidentiality
- Implement a policy to discipline those who violate PEHP’s privacy, confidentiality policies.
- Mitigate (lessen the harm of) any breach of privacy, confidentiality.

We reserve the right to change our practices and to make the new provisions effective for all protected health information we maintain. Should we change our privacy practices, we will mail a revised notice to the address you have supplied us.

We will not use or disclose your health information without your consent or authorization, except as permitted or required by law.

**Inspecting Your Health Information**

If you wish to inspect or obtain copies of your protected health information, please send your written request to PEHP, Customer Service, 560 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, UT 84102-2099. We will arrange a convenient time for you to visit our office for inspection. We will provide copies to you for a nominal fee. If your request for inspection or copying of your protected health information is denied, we will provide you with the specific reasons and an opportunity to appeal our decision.

**For More Information or to Report a Problem**

If you have questions or would like additional information, you may contact the PEHP Customer Service Department at (801) 366-7555 or (800) 955-7347.

If you believe your privacy rights have been violated, you can file a written complaint with our Chief Privacy Officer at:

ATTN: PEHP Chief Privacy Officer  
560 East 200 South  
Salt Lake City, UT 84102-2099.

Alternately, you may file a complaint with the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services. There will be no retaliation for filing a complaint.